

# TFT COLOR LCD MODULE NL10276AC30-04R

38 cm (15.0 inches),  $1024 \times 768$  pixels, 262,144 colors, LVDS interface, Wide viewing angle, High luminance

#### **DESCRIPTION**

NL10276AC30-04R is a TFT (thin film transistor) active matrix color liquid crystal display (LCD) comprising amorphous silicon TFT attached to each signal electrode, a driving circuit and a backlight. NL10276AC30-04R has a built-in backlight with inverter.

The 38 cm (15.0 inches) diagonal display area contains  $1024 \times 768$  pixels and can display 262,144 colors simultaneously.

#### **FEATURES**

- · Wide viewing angle (with retardation film)
- · High luminance
- · Low reflection
- LVDS interface (Equivalent of THC63LVDF64A, THine Electronics, Inc.)
- · Incorporated edge type backlight (two lamps, inverter) and Lamp holder replaceable

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Desk-top type of PC
- Engineering work station
- · Display terminal for control system
- · Monitor for process controller



The information in this document is subject to change without notice.

Please confirm with the delivery specification before starting to design the system.



#### STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS

A color TFT (thin film transistor) LCD module is comprised of a TFT liquid crystal panel structure, LSIs for driving the TFT array, and a backlight assembly. The TFT panel structure is created by sandwiching liquid crystal material in the narrow gap between a TFT array glass substrate and a color filter glass substrate. After the driver LSIs are connected to the panel, the backlight assembly is attached to the backside of the panel.

RGB (red, green, blue) data signals from a source system is modulated into a form suitable for active matrix addressing by the onboard signal processor and sent to the driver LSIs which in turn addresses the individual TFT cells.

Acting as an electro-optical switch, each TFT cell regulates light transmission from the backlight assembly when activated by the data source. By regulating the amount of light passing through the array of red, green, and blue dots, color images are created with clarity.

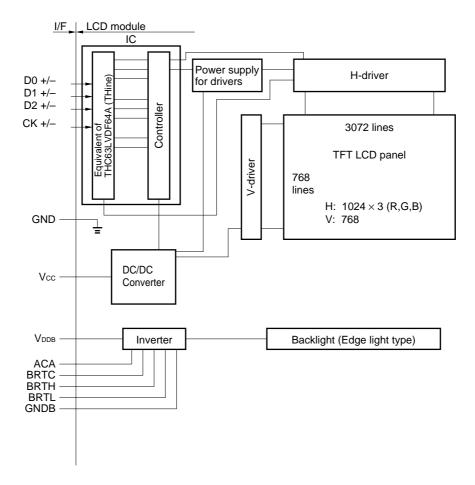
#### **OUTLINE OF CHARACTERISTICS (at room temperature)**

| Items  | Description  |
|--|--|
| Display area   | 304.128 (H) × 228.096 (V) mm   |
| Drive system   | a-Si TFT active matrix   |
| Display colors   | 262,144 colors   |
| Number of pixels                                       | 1024 × 768 pixels  |
| Pixel arrangement                                      | RGB vertical stripe  |
| Pixel pitch  | 0.297 (H) × 0.297 (V) mm   |
| Module size  | 350.0 (H) × 265.0 (V) × 20.0 (typ.) (D) mm   |
| Weight   | 1350 g (typ.)  |
| Contrast ratio   | 200 : 1 (typ.)   |
| Viewing angle (more than the contrast ratio of 10 : 1) | Horizontal : 60° (typ., left side, right side)     Vertical : 40° (typ., up side), 50°(typ., down side)  |
| Designed viewing direction                             | <ul> <li>Wider viewing angle without image reversal: up side (12 o'clock)</li> <li>Wider viewing angle with contrast ratio: down side (6 o'clock)</li> <li>Optimum grayscale (γ = 2.2): perpendicular</li> </ul> |
| Color gamut  | 40% (typ., at center, to NTSC)   |
| Response time  | 15 ms (typ.), "white 100%" to "black 10%"  |
| Luminance  | 200 cd/m² (typ.)   |
| Signal system  | RGB 6-bit signals, Synchronous signals (Hsync, Vsync), Dot clock (CLK) LVDS interface (Equivalent of THC63LVDF64A, THine Electronics, Inc.) 1 port   |
| Supply voltage   | 5 V (Logic, LCD driving), 12 V (Backlight)   |
| Backlight  | Edge light type: Two cold cathode fluorescent lamps with inverter  • Lamp holder: type No.150 LHS11  • Inverter: type No.141PW201  |
| Power consumption                                      | 11.8 W (typ.)  |

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#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM OF BASIC STRUCTURE**



**Note:** Neither GND nor GNDB is connected to FG (Frame Ground).

GND and GNDB should be connected to customer equipment FG.



#### **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

| Items             | Specifications  | Unit  |
|-------------------|---|-------|
| Module size       | $350.0 \pm 0.6 \text{ (H)} \times 265.0 \pm 0.6 \text{ (V)} \times 20.5 \text{ (max.) (D)}$ | mm    |
| Display area      | 304.128 (H) × 228.096 (V)   | mm    |
| Number of pixels  | 1024 (H) × 768 (V)  | pixel |
| Dot pitch         | 0.099 (H) × 0.297 (V)   | mm    |
| Pixel pitch       | 0.297 (H) × 0.297 (V)   | mm    |
| Pixel arrangement | RGB (Red, Green, Blue) vertical stripe  | _     |
| Display colors    | 262,144 (RGB, 6 bit)  | color |
| Weight            | 1350 (typ.), 1500 (max.)  | g     |

# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Parametesrs                                  | Symbols           | Ratings   | Unit | Remarks               |
|--|-------------------|---|------|-----------------------|
| Supply voltage Vcc                           |                   | -0.3 to +6.0  | V    | T <sub>a</sub> = 25°C |
|  | V <sub>DDB</sub>  | −0.3 to +14   | V    |                       |
| Logic input voltage                          | Vı                | -0.3 to Vcc + 0.3   | V    |                       |
| Logic input voltage (backlight-logic signal) | VIBL1             | -0.3 to +5.5  | V    |                       |
| Logic input voltage (backlight-BRTL signal)  | V <sub>IBL2</sub> | -0.3 to +1.5  | V    |                       |
| Storage temp.                                | Тѕт               | -20 to +60  | °C   |                       |
| Operating temp.                              | Тор               | 0 to +50  | °C   | Module surface Note 1 |
| Relative humidity (RH)                       | Note 2            | ≤ 95  | %    | T <sub>a</sub> ≤ 40°C |
|  |                   | ≤ 85  | %    | 40 < Ta ≤ 50°C        |
| Absolute humidity Note 2                     |                   | Absolute humidity shall not exceed $T_a = 50^{\circ}C$ , Relative humidity = 85% level. | g/m³ | Ta > 50°C             |

Note 1: Measured at the LCD panel of the module.

Note 2: No Condensation.



#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

# (1) Logic, LCD driving

 $T_a = 25$ °C

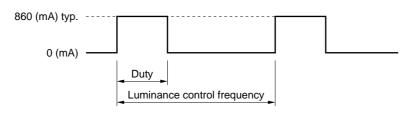
| Parameter                     | Symbol          | Min.  | Тур.        | Max.  | Unit | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------------|-------|------|--|
| Supply voltage                | Vcc             | 4.75  | 5.0         | 5.25  | V    | -  |
| Ripple voltage                | V <sub>RP</sub> | -     | -           | 100   | mV   | for Vcc  |
| LVDS signal input "L" voltage | VIL             | -100  | -           | _     | mV   | V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.2 V<br>V <sub>CM</sub> : Common mode voltage in LVDS |
| LVDS signal input "H" voltage | ViH             | -     | -           | +100  | mV   | driver   |
| Input voltage                 | Vı              | 0.25  | 0.35        | 0.45  | V    | -  |
| Common mode voltage           | Vсм             | 1.125 | 1.25        | 1.375 | V    | R <sub>T</sub> = 100Ω  |
| Terminating resistor          | R⊤              | _     | 100         | _     | Ω    | -  |
| Supply current                | Icc             | -     | 300<br>Note | 600   | mA   | Vcc = 5.0 V  |

Note: Checkered flag pattern (in EIAJ ED-2522)

# (2) Backlight

Ta = 25°C

|                           |                  |      |      |      |      | 1a – 25 C                                     |  |  |
|---------------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|---|--|--|
| Parameters                | Symbols          | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks                                       |  |  |
| Supply voltage            | V <sub>DDB</sub> | 10.8 | 12.0 | 13.2 | V    | -   |  |  |
| Logic input "L" voltage 1 | V <sub>IL1</sub> | 0    | _    | 0.6  | V    | for BRTP                                      |  |  |
| Logic input "H" voltage 1 | V <sub>IH1</sub> | 4.5  | _    | 5.25 | V    |   |  |  |
| Logic input "L" voltage 2 | V <sub>IL2</sub> | 0    | _    | 0.8  | V    | for BRTC, ACA, BRTL                           |  |  |
| Logic input "H" voltage 2 | V <sub>IH2</sub> | 2.2  | _    | 5.25 | V    |   |  |  |
| Logic input "L" current 1 | I <sub>IL1</sub> | -1.0 | _    | -    | mA   | for BRTP                                      |  |  |
| Logic input "H" current 1 | Iін1             | -    | -    | 10   | mA   |   |  |  |
| Logic input "L" current 2 | l <sub>IL2</sub> | -1.0 | _    | -    | mA   | for BRTC, ACA, BRTL                           |  |  |
| Logic input "H" current 2 | I <sub>IH2</sub> | -    | _    | 0.8  | mA   |   |  |  |
| Supply current            | IDDB             | -    | 860  | 1000 | mA   | V <sub>DDB</sub> = 12.0 V (at max. luminance) |  |  |

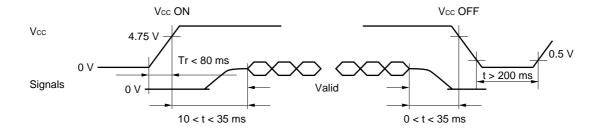


maximum luminance control: 100 % (Duty) minimum luminance control: 20 % (Duty)

Luminance control frequency: 243 to 297 Hz

270 Hz (typ.)

#### SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE



- **Notes 1:** Logic signals (synchronous signals and control signals) must be "0" voltage(V), when Vcc is not input. If input voltage to signal lines is higher than 0.3 V, the internal circuit will be damaged.
  - 2: The supply voltage for input signals should be the same as Vcc.
  - **3:** Apply VDDB within the LCD operation period. (more than 4 Vsync after the Vcc are input.) When the backlight turns on before LCD operation or the LCD operation turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become white.
    - However, 12 V for backlight should be started up within 80 ms, otherwise, the protection circuit makes the backlight turns off.
  - **4:** When the power is off, please keep whole signals low level or high impedance.

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#### INTERFACE AND CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENT

(1) Interface connector for signal and power

Part No. : FI-SE20P-HF Adaptable socket: FI-SE20M

Supplier : Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

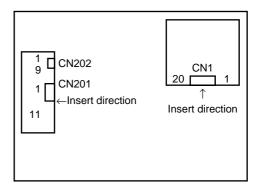
## CN1

| Pin No. | Symbol | Signal type         | Function                             |
|---------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1       | GND    | Ground              | Note 1                               |
| 2       | GND    |                     |                                      |
| 3       | NC     | Non-connection      | -                                    |
| 4       | NC     |                     |                                      |
| 5       | GND    | Ground              | Note 1                               |
| 6       | CK+    | Pixel clock         | CLK for pixel data f = 65 MHz (typ.) |
| 7       | CK-    |                     | (LVDS level)                         |
| 8       | GND    | Ground              | Note 1                               |
| 9       | D2+    | Pixel data          | LVDS differential data input         |
| 10      | D2-    |                     |                                      |
| 11      | GND    | Ground              | Note 1                               |
| 12      | D1+    | Pixel data          | LVDS differential data input         |
| 13      | D1-    |                     |                                      |
| 14      | GND    | Ground              | Note 1                               |
| 15      | D0+-   | Pixel data          | LVDS differential data input         |
| 16      | D0-    |                     |                                      |
| 17      | GND    | Ground              | Note 1                               |
| 18      | GND    |                     |                                      |
| 19      | Vcc    | +5.0 V power supply | Supply +5.0 V ±5%                    |
| 20      | Vcc    |                     |                                      |

- **Notes 1:** GND is Signal ground for logic and LCD driving. The GND should be connected to system ground. The GND is not connected to FG (Frame Ground) in this module.
  - 2: Connect all pins (expect 3.4) to the appointed places to avoid noise problems. Use 100  $\Omega$  twist pair wires for the cable.

CN1: Figure from socket view

20 19 . . . . . 2 1



Note: CN202 should be opened.



# (2) Connector for backlight unit

Part No. : IL-Z-11PL1-SMTY Adaptable socket: IL-Z-11S-S125C3

Supplier : Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

# CN201

| Pin No. | Symbol           | Signal type                     | Function  |
|---------|------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 1       | V <sub>DDB</sub> | 12 V power supply               | Supply +12 V ±10 %  |
| 2       | V <sub>DDB</sub> |                                 |   |
| 3       | V <sub>DDB</sub> |                                 |   |
| 4       | GNDB             | Ground for backlight            | Note 1  |
| 5       | GNDB             |                                 |   |
| 6       | GNDB             |                                 |   |
| 7       | ACA              | Luminance control signal        | "H" or "Open": Normal luminance (100%) "L": Low luminance (1/2 of the normal luminance) |
| 8       | BRTC             | Backlight ON/OFF control signal | "H" or "Open": Backlight ON "L": Backlight OFF  |
| 9       | BRTH             | Luminance control signal        | Note 2  |
| 10      | BRTL             | Luminance control signal        |   |
| 11      | N.C.             |                                 |   |

CN201: Figure from socket view

11 10 · · · · · 3 2 1



Part No. : IL-Z-9PL1-SMTY Adaptable socket: IL-Z-9S-S125C3

Supplier : Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

#### CN202

| Pin No. | Symbol | Signal type                     | Function   |
|---------|--------|---------------------------------|--|
| 1       | GNDB   | Ground for backlight            | Note 1   |
| 2       | GNDB   |                                 |  |
| 3       | ACA    | Luminance control signal        | "H" or "Open": Normal luminance (100%) "L": Low luminance (1/2 of the normal luminance)                |
| 4       | BRTC   | Backlight ON/OFF control signal | "H" or "Open": Backlight ON "L": Backlight OFF   |
| 5       | BRTH   | Luminance control signal-1      | Note 2   |
| 6       | BRTL   | Luminance control signal-1      |  |
| 7       | BRTP   | Luminance control signal-2      | Note 3   |
| 8       | GNDB   | Ground for backlight            | Note 1   |
| 9       | PWSEL  | Luminance control select signal | "H" or "Open": Variable resistor control or voltage control (Note 2) "L": BRTP signal control (Note 3) |

**Notes 1:** Neither GND nor GNDB connected to FG (Frame Ground) in this module. They should be connected to the FG of customer equipment.

2: The ways to controll luminance are as follows.

(1) A way of luminance control by a variable resistor.

The variable resistor for luminance control should be 10  $k\Omega$  , and zero point of the resistor corresponds to the minimum of luminance.

Mating variable resistor : 10 k $\Omega$  ±5% (1/10 W), B curve

Maximum luminance (100 %):  $R = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$ Minimum luminance (30 %) :  $R = 0 \Omega$ 

(2) A way of luminance control by voltage

BRTH should be fixed to 0 V to control luminance by voltage. The range of input voltage between BRTL and GNDB is as follows.

Maximum luminance (100%, ACA = H): 1 V (typ.)

Minimum luminance (30%, ACA = H): 0 V

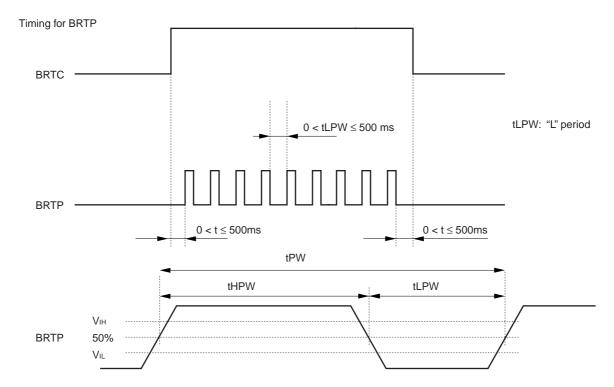
#### 3: The way of luminance control with BRTP signal

When PWSEL is "L," inputting signal pulse from the outside to BRTP enables to control the luminance.

The luminance can be controlled by the duty value of the input signal.

Duty = 100%: luminance is maximum. (100%)

Duty = 20%: luminance is minimum. (30%)



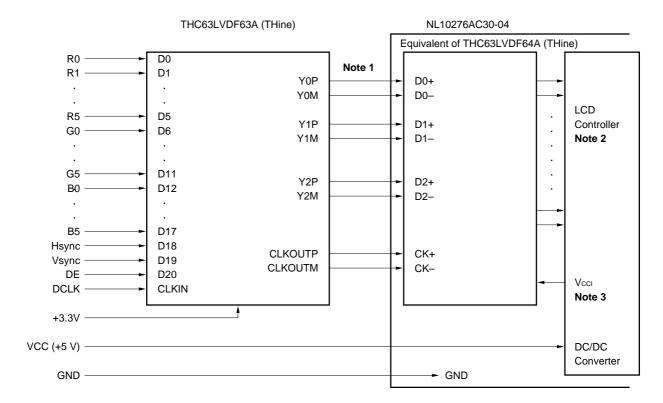
| Parameters    | Symbols  | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks                  |
|---------------|----------|------|------|------|------|--------------------------|
| Frequency     | 1/tPW    | 185  | 1    | 340  | Hz   | -                        |
| Pulse-width   | tHPW/tPW | 20   | ı    | 100  | %    | at max. luminance (100%) |
| Input voltage | VIL      | 0    | -    | 0.6  | V    | -                        |
|               | VIH      | 4.5  | -    | 5.0  | V    | -                        |

Regarding set up for frequency, refer to the below formula.

Set up frequency = Vsync frequency  $\times$  (n + 0.25) or (n + 0.75)

But, please fix the frequency after evaluating the display quality sufficiently, because it can be disturbed due to the frequency.

#### METHOD OF CONNECTION FOR THC63LVDF63A



Notes 1:  $100 \Omega$  twist pair.

2: These signals should be kept the range specified by Page 13 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING.

3: Vcci = 3.3 V (LCD internal voltage)

4: THC63LVDF63A is used as LVDS transmitter at the shipping inspection.



#### DISPLAY COLORS vs. INPUT DATA SIGNALS

| D'anlas ad      |              |    |    |      |    |    | Dat | a sigr | nal (0: | Low | level | , 1: H | ligh le | vel) |    |    |      |    |    |
|-----------------|--------------|----|----|------|----|----|-----|--------|---------|-----|-------|--------|---------|------|----|----|------|----|----|
| Display col     | ors          | R5 | R4 | R3   | R2 | R1 | R0  | G5     | G4      | G3  | G2    | G1     | G0      | B5   | B4 | В3 | B2   | B1 | В0 |
| Basic colors    | Black        | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Blue         | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  |
|                 | Red          | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Magenta      | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  |
|                 | Green        | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 1      | 1       | 1   | 1     | 1      | 1       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Cyan         | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 1      | 1       | 1   | 1     | 1      | 1       | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  |
|                 | Yellow       | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1      | 1       | 1   | 1     | 1      | 1       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 | White        | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1      | 1       | 1   | 1     | 1      | 1       | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  |
| Red grayscale   | Black        | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 |              | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 1   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 | dark         | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 1  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 | $\uparrow$   |    |    |      |    |    |     |        |         |     | <br>  |        |         |      |    |    | <br> |    |    |
|                 | $\downarrow$ |    |    | İ    |    |    |     |        |         |     | İ     |        |         |      |    |    | İ    |    |    |
|                 | bright       | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 0  | 1   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 |              | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Red          | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
| Green grayscale | Black        | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 |              | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 1       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 | dark         | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 1      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 | $\uparrow$   |    |    | <br> |    |    |     |        |         |     | <br>  |        |         |      |    |    | <br> |    |    |
|                 | $\downarrow$ |    |    | İ    |    |    |     |        |         |     | İ     |        |         |      |    |    | İ    |    |    |
|                 | bright       | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 1      | 1       | 1   | 1     | 0      | 1       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 |              | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 1      | 1       | 1   | 1     | 1      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Green        | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 1      | 1       | 1   | 1     | 1      | 1       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
| Blue grayscale  | Black        | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  |
|                 |              | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 1  |
|                 | dark         | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0    | 1  | 0  |
|                 | <b>↑</b>     |    |    | <br> |    |    |     |        |         |     | <br>  |        |         |      |    |    | <br> |    |    |
|                 | $\downarrow$ |    |    | į    |    |    |     |        |         |     | İ     |        |         |      |    |    | İ    |    |    |
|                 | bright       | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1    | 0  | 1  |
|                 |              | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 0  |
|                 | Blue         | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0       | 0   | 0     | 0      | 0       | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  |

**Note:** Colors are developed in combination with 6-bit signals (64 steps in grayscale) of each primary red, green, and blue color.

This process can result in up to 262,144 (64  $\times$  64  $\times$  64) colors.



#### **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING**

(1) Input signal specifications for LCD controller

|       | Parameter          | Symbol     | Min. | Тур.   | Max. | Unit | Remarks           |
|-------|--------------------|------------|------|--------|------|------|-------------------|
| CLK   | Frequency          | 1/tc       | 60.0 | 65.0   | 68.0 | MHz  | 15.385 ns (typ.)  |
|       | Duty               | tch/tc     |      | Note   |      | -    | -                 |
|       | Rise, fall         | tcrf       |      |        |      | ns   | -                 |
| Hsync | Period             | th         | 16.0 | 20.676 | 22.7 | μs   | 48.363 kHz (typ.) |
|       |                    |            | 1110 | 1344   | -    | CLK  |                   |
|       | Display period     | thd        | ı    | 1024   | ı    | CLK  | -                 |
|       | Front-porch        | thf        | 0    | -      | ı    | CLK  | -                 |
|       | Pulse width        | thp*       | 12   | _      | -    | CLK  | -                 |
|       | Back-Porch         | thb*       | 2    | _      | _    | CLK  | -                 |
|       |                    | *thp + thb | 86   | _      | -    | CLK  | -                 |
|       | Hsync-CLK timing   | ths        |      | Note   |      | ns   | -                 |
|       | CLK-Hsync timing   | thh        |      |        |      | ns   | -                 |
|       | DE-CLK timing      | tes        |      |        |      | ns   | -                 |
|       | CLK-DE timing      | teh        |      |        |      | ns   | -                 |
|       | Rise, fall         |            |      |        | ns   | -    |                   |
| Vsync | Period             | tv         | ĺ    | 16.666 | I    | ms   | 60.004 Hz (typ.)  |
|       |                    |            | 1    | 806    | 1    | Н    |                   |
|       | Display period     | tvd        | -    | 768    | -    | Н    | -                 |
|       | Front-porch        | tvf        | 1    | _      | _    | Н    | -                 |
|       | Pulse width        | tvp*       | 1    | 3      | -    | Н    | -                 |
|       | Back-porch         | tvb*       | 1    | _      | -    | Н    | -                 |
|       |                    | *tvp + tvb | 3    | _      | -    | Н    | -                 |
|       | Vsync-Hsync timing | tvs        | 1    | -      | _    | CLK  | -                 |
|       | Hsync-Vsync timing | tvh        | 1    | -      | _    | CLK  | -                 |
|       | Rise, fall         | tvrf       |      | Note   |      | ns   | _                 |
| DATA  | DATA-CLK (set up)  | tds        |      |        |      | ns   | _                 |
|       | CLK-DATA (Hold)    | tdh        |      |        |      | ns   | _                 |

**Note:** These values are in the timing standards of THC63LVDF63A. The timing standard prescribes in the input of LCD transmitter. THC63LVDF63A is recommended for LVDS transmitter.



(2) Input signal of LVDS RECEIVER (It is preseribed for the part CN1 input)

| Parameters    | Symbols | Min      | Тур. | Max.     | Unit | Remarks      |
|---------------|---------|----------|------|----------|------|--------------|
| CLK Frequency | TRCP    | 14.71    | Т    | 16.66    | ns   | -            |
| Bit0 position | TRIP1   | -0.5     | 0    | 0.5      | ns   | T = 15.38 ns |
| Bit1 position | TRIP0   | T/7-0.5  | T/7  | T/7+0.5  | ns   | T = 15.38 ns |
| Bit2 position | TRIP6   | 2T/7-0.5 | 2T/7 | 2T/7+0.5 | ns   | T = 15.38 ns |
| Bit3 position | TRIP5   | 3T/7-0.5 | 3T/7 | 3T/7+0.5 | ns   | T = 15.38 ns |
| Bit4 position | TRIP4   | 4T/7-0.5 | 4T/7 | 4T/7+0.5 | ns   | T = 15.38 ns |
| Bit5 position | TRIP3   | 5T/7-0.5 | 5T/7 | 5T/7+0.5 | ns   | T = 15.38 ns |
| Bit6 position | TRIP2   | 6T/7-0.5 | 6T/7 | 6T/7+0.5 | ns   | T = 15.38 ns |

**Note:** See the specifications of LVDS manufactures for detailed design.

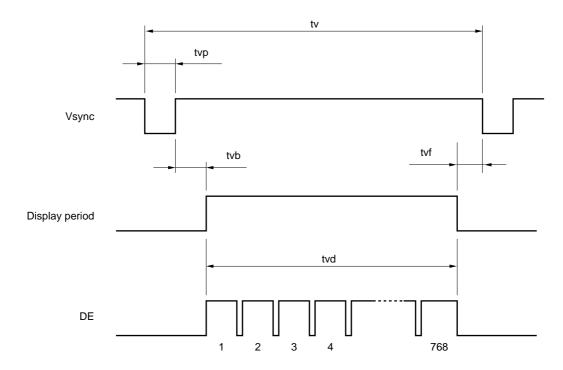
In case that CLK jitter value between current cycle and next cycle is big, skew time of the next cycle decreases with the value of the jitter.

CLK jitter + LVDS output skew + cable skew ≤ 500 ps

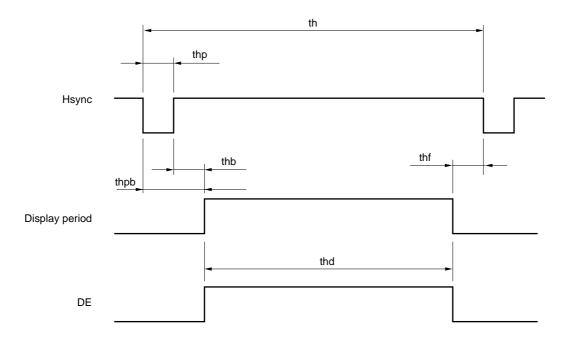
e.q. LVDS output skew:  $\pm 200 \text{ ps}$  Cable skew:  $\pm 100 \text{ ps}$  acceptable CLK jitter =  $\pm 200 \text{ ps}$  (500 – (200 + 100) = 200 ps)

# (3) Definition of input signal timing for LCD controller

# <Vertical>

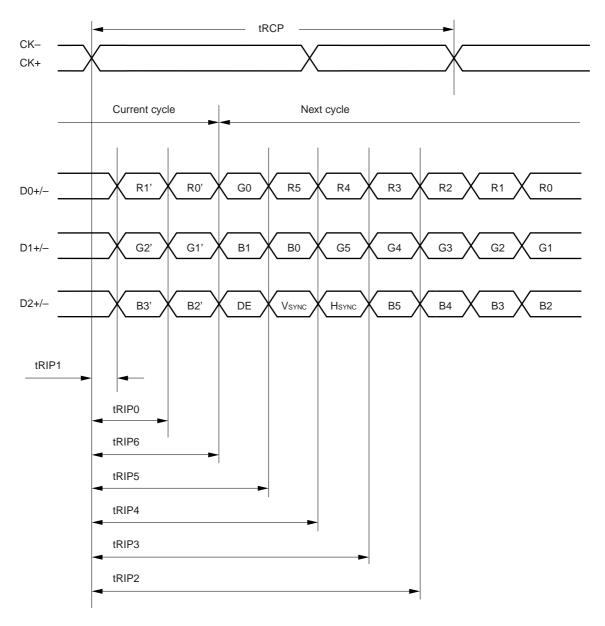


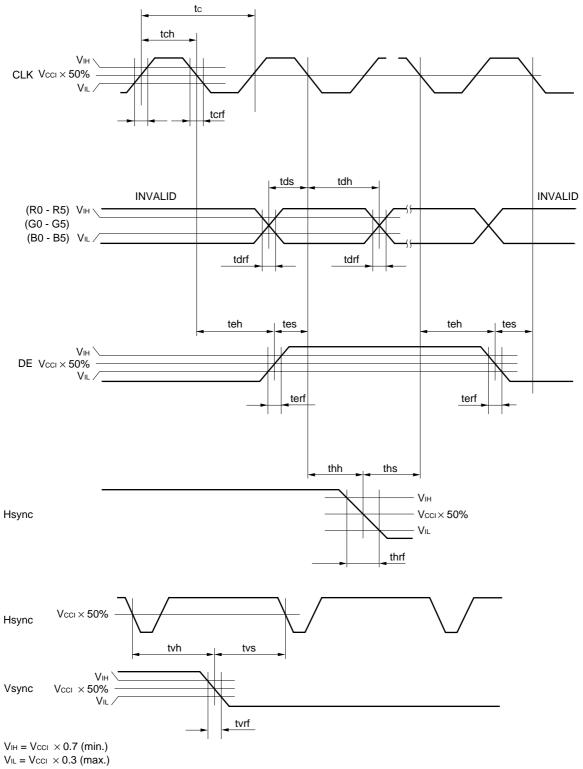
#### <Horizontal>





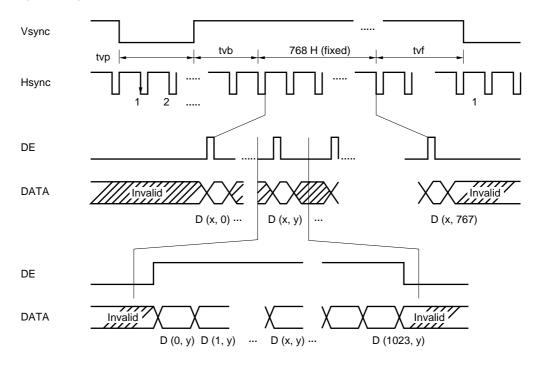
## <LVDS Receiver>

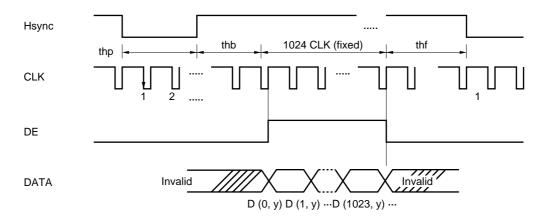




Vcci = 3.3 V (LCD internal voltage)

# (4) Input signal timing chart FOR LCD





**Note:** These values are in the output of THC63LVDF64A.

(Refer to Page 11 METHOD OF CONNECTION FOR THC63LVDF63A).

# (5) Display position of input data

| D (0, 0)   | D (1, 0)   |                  | D (X, 0)   |     | D (1022, 0)   | D (1023, 0)   |  |
|------------|------------|------------------|------------|-----|---------------|---------------|--|
| D (0, 1)   | D (1, 1)   |                  | D (X, 1)   |     | D (1022, 1)   | D (1023, 1)   |  |
|            |            | -+-              |            |     |               |               |  |
| D (0, Y)   | D (1, Y)   |                  | D (X, Y)   |     | D (1022, Y)   | D (1023, Y)   |  |
|            |            | - <del> </del> - |            | -+- |               |               |  |
| D (0, 766) | D (1, 766) |                  | D (X, 766) |     | D (1022, 766) | D (1023, 766) |  |
| D (0, 767) | D (1, 767) |                  | D (X, 767) |     | D (1022, 767) | D (1023, 767) |  |



#### **OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(T_a = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{DDB} = 12 \text{ V}, Note1)$ 

| Parameters           | Symbols | Conditions         | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit  | Remarks |
|----------------------|---------|--------------------|------|------|------|-------|---------|
| Contrast ratio       | CR      | White/Black, Note1 | 80   | 200  | -    |       | Note 2  |
| Luminance            | Lumax   | "White"            | 150  | 200  | -    | cd/m² | Note 3  |
| Luminance uniformity | -       | Maximum luminance  | _    | _    | 1.30 | _     | Note 4  |
|                      |         | Minimum luminance  |      |      |      |       |         |

Reference data

 $(T_a = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{DDB} = 12 \text{ V})$ 

|                  |            | ,          |  |      | (1a -          | - 20 0, 10    | JC - U V, | VDDB = IZ V |
|------------------|------------|------------|--|------|----------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| Para             | meters     | Symbols    | Conditions   | Min. | Тур.           | yp. Max. Unit |           | Remarks     |
| Contrast ratio   |            | CR         | Best contrast angle,<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ} \theta D = 5^{\circ}$<br>White/Black, at center | -    | 450            | I             | ı         | Note 2      |
| Color gam        | ut         | С          | $\theta$ R, $\theta$ L, $\theta$ U, $\theta$ D = 0°<br>At center, To NTSC  | 35   | 35 40 - %      |               | I         |             |
| Viewing          | Horizontal | <i>⊕</i> R | CR > 10, White/Black   | 50   | 60             | -             | deg.      | Note 5      |
| angle            |            | $\theta$ L | $\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$   | 50   | 60             | 1             | deg.      |             |
| range<br>(CR>10) | Vertical   | θU         | CR > 10, White/Black   | 30   | 40             | 1             | deg.      |             |
| (01(>10)         |            | $\theta$ D | $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}$   | 35   | 50             | -             | deg.      |             |
| Response time    |            | Ton        | White (100%) to black (10%)  | -    | 15             | 40            | ms        | Note 6      |
|                  |            | Toff       | Black (0%) to white (90%)  | _    | 40             | 80            |           |             |
| Luminance        | e control  | _          | Maximum luminance: 100%  | _    | - 30 to100 - % |               | -         |             |

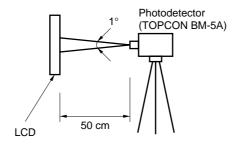
**Notes 1:** Viewing angle :  $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ ;  $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$ , At center

2: The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

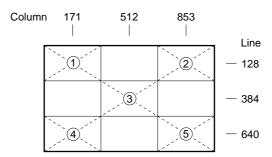
Contrast ratio (CR) = 
$$\frac{\text{Luminance with all pixels in white}}{\text{Luminance with all pixels in black}}$$

The Luminance is measured in darkroom.

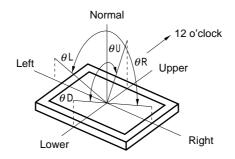
**3:** The luminance is measured after 20 minutes from the module works, with all pixels in white. Typical value is measured after luminance saturation.



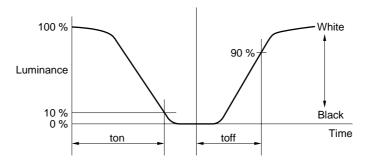
**4.** The luminance uniformity is calculated by using the formula in the table. The luminance is measured at near the five points shown below.



**5.** Definitions of viewing angle are as follows.



**6.** Definition of response time is as follows.





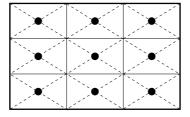
## **RELIABILITY TEST SPECIFICATIONS**

| Test items                            | Test conditions   | Judgment   |
|---------------------------------------|---|------------|
| High temperature/humidity (operation) | $50 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C, 85% relative humidity 240 hours Display data is black.  | Note 1     |
| Heat cycle (operation)                | <1> 0°C ± 3°C ··· 1 hour<br>55°C ± 3°C ··· 1 hour<br><2> 50 cycles, 4 hours/cycle<br><3> Display data is black.           | Note 1     |
| Thermal shock (non-operation)         | <1> -20°C ± 3°C ··· 30 minutes 60°C ± 3°C ··· 30 minutes <2> 100 cycles <3> Temperature transition time within 5 minutes. | Note 1     |
| Vibration (non-operation)             | <1> 5 - 100 Hz, 19.6 m/s² (2G) 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z direction <2> 50 times each direction                               | Notes 1, 2 |
| Mechanical shock (non-operation)      | <1> 294 m/s² (30G), 11 ms<br>X, Y, Z direction<br><2> 3 times each direction  | Notes 1, 2 |
| ESD (operation)                       | 150 pF, 150 $\Omega$ , ±10 kV 9 places on a panel 10 times each place at one-second intervals                             | Notes 1, 3 |
| Dust (operation)                      | 15 kinds of dust (JIS Z 8901)<br>Hourly 15 seconds stir, 8 times repeat   | Note 1     |

**Notes 1:** Display function is checked by the same condition as LCD module out-going inspection.

2: Physical damage.

**3:** Discharge points "●" are shown in the figure.





#### **GENERAL CAUTIONS**

Next figures and sentence are very important. Please understand the following contents.



This mark indicates that you will get hurt and/or the module will have damages when you make a mistake to operate.



This mark indicates that you will get an electric shock when you make a mistake to operate.



This mark indicates that you will get hurt when you make a mistake to operate



CAUTION



Do not touch an inverter, on which a caution label is stucked, while the LCD module is under the operation, because of dangerous high voltage.

- (1) Caution when taking out the module
  - a) Pick the pouch only, in taking out module from a carrier box.
- (2) Cautions for handling the module
  - a) As the electrostatic discharges may break the LCD module, handle the LCD module with care against electrostatic discharges.
  - b) As the LCD panel and backlight element are made from fragile glass material, impulse and pressure to the LCD module should be avoided.
  - c) As the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched, use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning.
  - d) Do not pull the interface connectors in or out while the LCD module is operating.
  - e) Put the module display side down on a flat horizontal plane.
  - f) Handle connectors and cables with care.
  - g) When the module is operating, do not lose CLK, Hsync or Vsync signal. If any one or more of these signals is lost, the panel would be damaged.
  - h) The torque to mounting screw should never exceed 0.392 N·m (4 kgf·cm).
  - i) Don't push or rub the surface of the module. If you do it, the scratches or the rubbing marks may be left on the module surface.
- (3) Cautions for the atmosphere
  - a) Dew drop atmosphere should be avoided.
  - b) Do not store and/or operate the module in a high temperature and/or high humidity atmosphere. Storage in an anti-static pouch and under the room temperature atmosphere is recommended.
  - c) This module uses cold cathod fluorescent lamps. Therefore, the life time of the lamps become short if the module is operated under the low temperature environment.
  - d) Do not operate the module in a high magnetic field.

#### (4) Caution for the module characteristics

- a) Do not apply fixed pattern data signal for a long time to the module. It may cause image sticking. Please use screen savers if the display pattern is fixed more than one hour.
- b) This module has the retardation film which may cause the variation of the color hue in the different viewing angles. The ununiformity may appear on the screen under the high temperature operation.
- c) The light vertical stripe may be observed depending on the display pattern. This is not defects or malfunctions.
- d) The noise from the inverter circuit may be observed in the luminance control mode. This is not defects or malfunctions.

## (5) Other cautions

- a) Do not disassemble and/or reassemble LCD module.
- b) Do not readjust variable resistors or switches in the module.
- c) When returning the module for repair etc., please pack the module properly to avoid any damages. We recommend using the original shipping packages.

Liquid Crystal Display has the following specific characteristics. There are not defects or malfunctions.

The optical characteristics of this module may be affected by the ambient temperature.

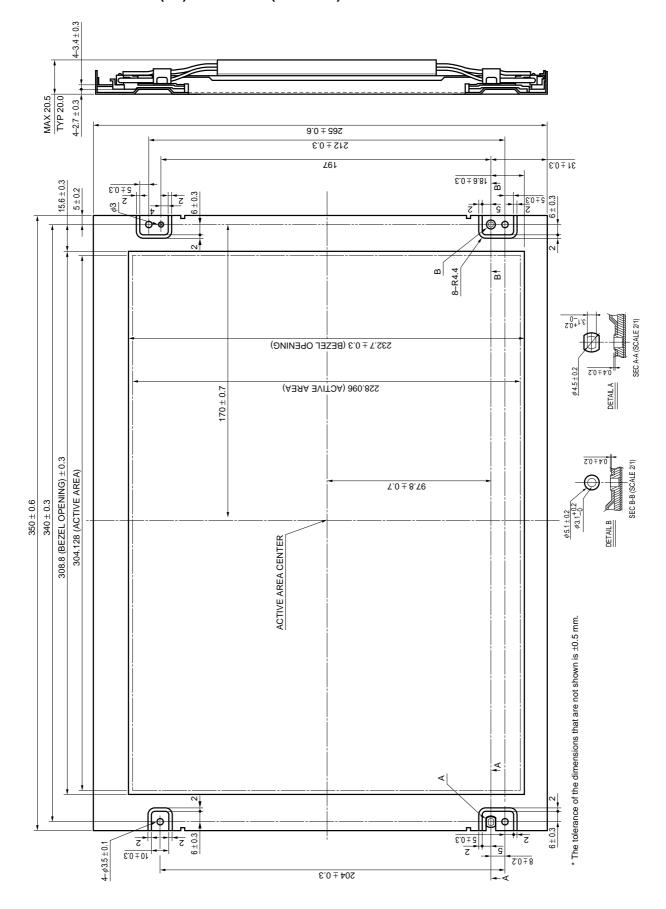
This module has cold cathode tube for backlight. Optical characteristics, like luminance or uniformity, will be changed by the progress in time.

Uneven brightness and/or small spots may be observed depending on different display patterns.

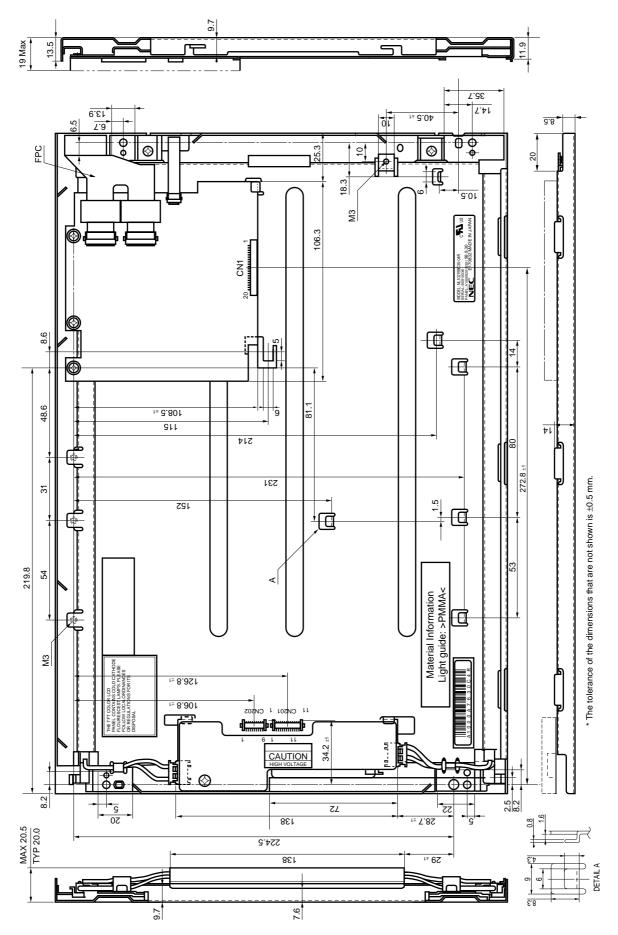
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# OUTLINE DRAWING (1/2): Front View (Unit: mm)



# OUTLINE DRAWING (2/2): Rear View (Unit: mm)



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